



# **Table of Contents**

Hoonah-Ango	on Census Area D	Pashboard	II
Hoonah-Ango	oon Census Area S	ummaryIII	-VI
Comr	nunity		. III
Overd	crowding		. 111
Energ	y		. IV
Affor	dability		V
Comr	nunity, Regional, a	and Statewide Housing Characteristics	. VI
How to Interp	oret the Profile: Da	ata Sources, Definitions & Clarifications	۱-H
Hoonah-Ango	oon Census Area P	rofile	L-4
Hoonah-Ango	oon Community P	rofiles	.17
Ango	on	Data Quantity: Medium	5
Elfin (	Cove	Data Quantity: Low	7
Game	e Creek	Data Quantity: Low	8
Gusta	vus	Data Quantity: Medium	9
Hoon	ah	Data Quantity: Medium	11
Klukw	<i>r</i> an	Data Quantity: Low	13
Pelica	ın	Data Quantity: Low	14
Tenal	cee Springs	Data Quantity: Medium	15
White	estone	Data Quantity: Low	17



## Hoonah-Angoon Census Area Dashboard

**Population:** The Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce Development's current (2012) population estimate for the Hoonah-Angoon Census Area is 2,210–a decrease of 16% from 2000.

**Housing Units:** There are currently 1,761 housing units in the Hoonah-Angoon Census Area. Of these, 966 are occupied, 115 are for sale or rent, and the remaining 680 are seasonal or otherwise vacant units (Profile Figure C6).

**Energy:** The average home in the Hoonah-Angoon Census Area is 1,313 square feet and uses 122,000 BTUs of energy per square foot annually, 11% less than the statewide average of 137,000 BTUs per square foot.

**Energy Costs:** Using AKWarm estimates, average annual energy cost for homes in the Hoonah-Angoon Census Area is \$5,840, which is approximately 2.1 times more than the cost in Anchorage, and 2.7 times more than the national average (Profile Figure C13).

**Energy Programs:** Approximately 14% of occupied housing in the Hoonah-Angoon Census Area has completed either the Home Energy Rebate, Weatherization, or BEES programs since 2008, compared to 21% statewide (Profile Figure C12).

**Housing Quality:** Within current housing stock, newer homes have better energy performance. On average, homes built before 1940 are currently rated at 1-star-plus, compared to a current average rating of 4-stars for houses built after 2000.

Air-tightness: Within current housing stock, newer homes are tighter. On average, homes built in the last decade very nearly meet the 2012 BEES standard of 4 air-changes per hour at 50 pascals (ACH50). In contrast, homes built before 1940 are 4 times leakier than those built since 2000 (Profile Figure C7).

**Ventilation:** An estimated 361 occupied housing units (or 37%) in the Hoonah-Angoon Census Area are relatively air-tight and lack a continuous ventilation system. These houses are at higher risk of moisture- and indoor air quality-related issues (Profile Figures C9-C10).

**Overcrowding:** 3% of occupied units are estimated to be either overcrowded (2%) or severely overcrowded (1%). This is roughly similar to the national average, and makes the Hoonah-Angoon Census Area the 25th most overcrowded census area in the state.

**Affordability:** On average, approximately 22% of households in the Hoonah-Angoon Census Area spend more than 30% of total income on housing costs, which include rent, utilities, and energy costs. Based on average AKWarm estimates, annual energy costs constitute approximately 12% of census median area income for occupied housing.



#### **Hoonah-Angoon Census Area Summary**

#### Community

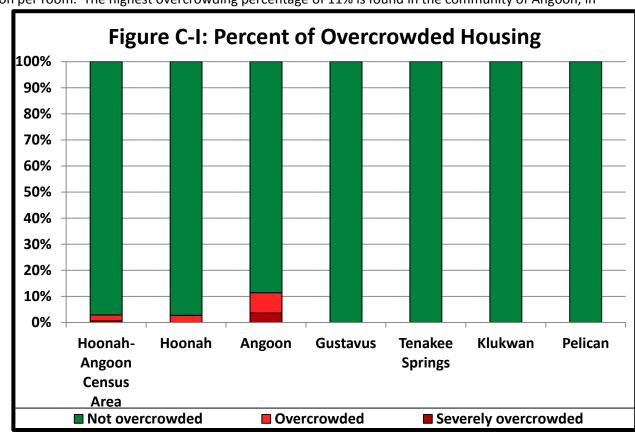
The census area of Hoonah-Angoon is located on the Southeast panhandle of Alaska, to the north and west of the state capital of Juneau. It is in the Sealaska Native Corporation ANCSA region. Average home sizes in the census area range from 927 square feet in the community of Hoonah to 1,127 square feet in the community of Angoon.

#### **Overcrowding**

Between zero and 11% of households in Hoonah-Angoon communities are overcrowded, or have more than one person per room. Overall, 3% of housing units have more than one person per room. The highest overcrowding percentage of 11% is found in the community of Angoon, in

contrast to other communities in the census area, which have very little overcrowding. In fact, Gustavus, Tenakee Springs, Klukwan, and Pelican all have an estimated zero overcrowded households (Figure C-I).

Approximately 7% of housing in the census area is available for sale or rent. The community of Hoonah has the lowest percentage of available housing at 4% and the highest percentage of available housing is in Klukwan, where 16% of housing units are for sale or rent. Additionally, nearly 40% of housing units in Hoonah-Angoon are considered vacant because they are used for

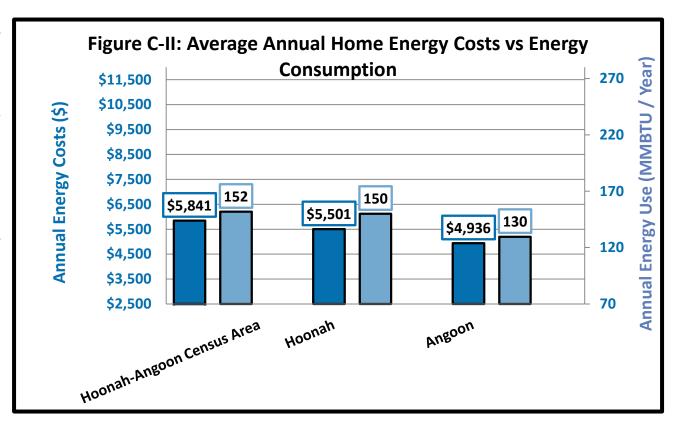




recreational, seasonal, or "other" non-year round purposes.

#### **Energy**

Homes in Hoonah-Angoon use an average of 152 million BTUs of energy annually, paying average energy costs of \$5,841 each year. The lowest energy costs are found in the community of Angoon, where residents pay an average of \$4,936. The highest costs are found in the community of Hoonah, \$5,501 per year, only \$600 more per year than in Angoon. The communities of and Hoonah Angoon represent the communities with the lowest and highest home heating indices. In Angoon, homes have an average heating index of 7.6 BTUs/ft<sup>2</sup>/HDD compared to the average home heating index of 11 BTUs/ft<sup>2</sup>/HDD in the community of Hoonah.

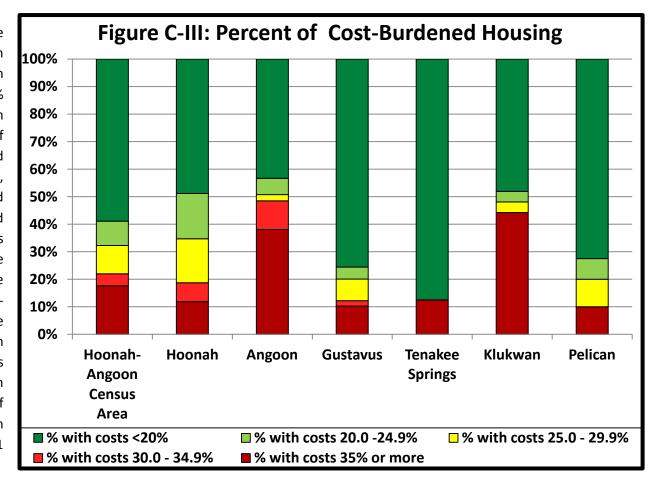


Approximately 16% of housing units in Hoonah-Angoon have completed the Home Energy Rebate, Weatherization, or a BEES program since 2003. The highest participation is found in the community of Angoon, where 33% of households have completed an energy program. On the other hand, an estimated zero households in Tenakee Springs have completed an energy program. Throughout the census area, less than 25% of homes built in any decade have an HRV or continuous ventilation system installed.



#### **Affordability**

According to ACS estimates<sup>1</sup>, the of affordability living communities in Hoonah-Angoon varies widely: Approximately 10% of households are cost-burdened in Pelican. The highest percentage of cost-burdened households is found in the community of Angoon, where 49% of households spend more than 30% of household income on housing costs. This is more than double the percentage of cost-burdened households in the census area as a whole (Figure C-III). Pelican and Angoon also have the highest and lowest median household incomes in the census area, respectively. Households in Pelican have a median income of \$72,500, almost \$50,000 more than the median income of \$23.971 found in Angoon.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> CCHRC's analysis of ACS energy costs indicate systematic underestimations for rural Alaska, which suggests that ACS-based cost burdened housing estimates are low. See Appendix A, "Analysis of American Community Survey Energy Cost Estimates" for more details.



#### Community, Regional, and Statewide Housing Characteristics

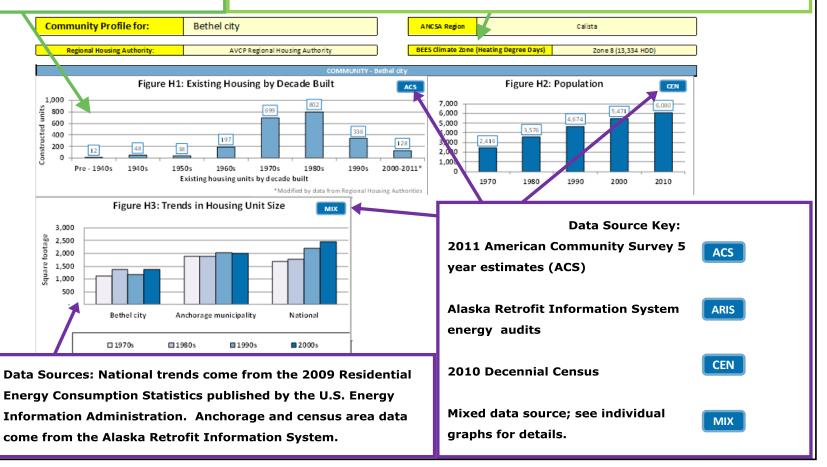
This census area summary only includes the highlights of housing characteristics at the census area level. Detailed data profile with charts and tables for both the census area and for each of the communities within it follow. The 2014 Alaska Housing Assessment provides a significant amount of data and analysis at statewide, ANCSA region, census area, and community levels. This assessment provides a statewide analysis of housing characteristics, how they compare to national numbers, and the estimated housing needs. Within the 2014 Alaska Housing Assessment, written summaries are available for each individual ANCSA region and census area, and data profiles are available for each community and census area characterizing the housing stock from the perspective of community, overcrowding, energy and affordability. These different tiers of information and analysis allow researchers, housing authorities, policymakers and others to generate answers to specific questions. For a detailed discussion of estimating housing need and comparison of methods to previous Housing Assessments, see Appendix B, "Statewide Need Assessment" of the 2014 Alaska Housing Assessment.





This graph show the breakdown of *current* housing stock by the decade in which the housing units were built. It does *not* show trends over time.

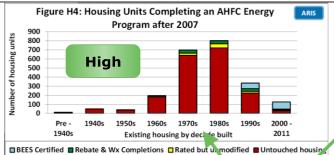
The Alaska Building Energy Efficiency Standard (BEES) was established by AHFC for the State of Alaska to promote the construction of energy efficient buildings. The standards for specific building components are divided into four climate zones, from Zone 6 in Southeast AK to Zone 9 on the North Slope.







Energy program activity within communities with high, medium and low amounts of ARIS data available. (See p.7 of "How to Interpret" for detail on data levels).



**Communities - AHFC Energy Program Activity** 

High Data - Reported by decade built for the housing units.

Medium Data - Reported by percent of total housing units touched.

Low Data - Have few or no post-2008 Weatherization/Rebate completions or BEES certifications in the ARIS database.

American Community Survey (ACS) Data:

# House-

20,816

15,459

ACS

Estimated Total Community Space Heating Fuel Use by Ty

Complete Plumbing: Includes hot & cold running water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower within the home.

Complete Kitchen: Includes a sink with a faucet, a stove/range, and a refrigerator.

% House-

holds

10%

0%

(gallons)

(ccf)

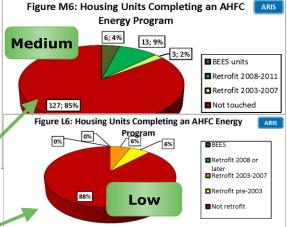
(kWh)

(cords)

(gallons)

(tons)

	K
Avg Annual Energy Cost with PCE	\$5,265
Avg Annual Energy Cost without PCE	\$6,643
Estimated Energy Prices as	of January 2013
#1 Fuel oil cost (\$ / gallon)	\$5.16
Electricity with PCE (\$/kWh)	\$0.03
Electricity cost without PCE (\$/kWh)	\$0.27



- PCE = Power Cost Equalization
- Average Annual Energy Cost with PCE:
   The cost to the household after it has been lowered by the PCE subsidy.
- Without PCE: The actual energy cost, including the amount paid by the State for PCE.

Weatherization Prog	
(funding increase	ed in 200′
Date Range	Units
2008-2011	17
2003-2007	-
1990-2002	10
	•
Housing Stock Estimat	:es
All Housing	

LOccupied Housing

using

incriousing for Sale or Rent

CEN

Units weatherized
before 2008 are
eligible to participate
in the program again.
(Data source: Alaska
Housing Finance
Corporation).

Houses Lacking Complete

Plumbing or Kitchen Facilities

Lack complete plumbing

Lack complete kitchen

Fuel Oil

Nat Gas

Electricity

Wood

Propane

Coal

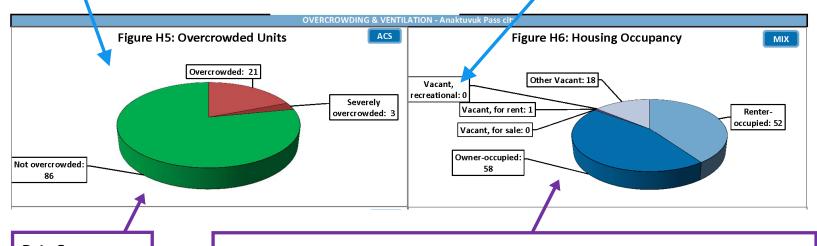




Overcrowded: Housing units with more than 1 person per room Severely Overcrowded: Housing units with more than 1.5 people per room.

"Rooms" include bedrooms, living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, and other finished, separated spaces, but not including bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, or unfinished basements.

Recreational: For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.



Data Source:
2011 American
Community
Survey 5-year
estimates

Data Sources: The number of owner-occupied, renter-occupied, and total vacant units are taken from the 2011 ACS 5-year estimates. Data for vacancy type, only available from the decennial Census, were derived by taking the decennial census ratios by vacancy type and applying them to the total number of vacant units.





Heat Recovery: Continuous mechanical ventilation with heat recovery operated with automatic controls.

Continuous: Mechanical ventilation without heat recovery operated with automatic controls.

Non-Continuous ventilation: Includes homes with range and/or bath fans not operated using automatic controls.

ACH50: The results of a blower door test to measure building air leakage. Smaller numbers indicate tighter buildings. Tighter buildings lose less heated air to the outside and thus use less energy for space heating.

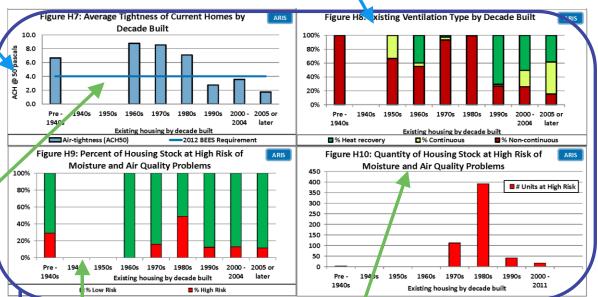
The 2012 Building Energy
Efficiency Standard
(BEES) for air-tightness is
for reference only, as it
was implemented after
the majority of homes in
Alaska were built.

Data Source:
Alaska Retrofit
Information
System

Decades with no bar lack sufficient data for reporting. They should not be considered zero

quantities.

High Risk of Moisture and Air Quality Problems: Note that moisture or poor indoor air quality have not been physically measured; these houses are considered "at-risk" because they are relatively air tight (less than 0.5 estimated natural air changes per hour) and do not have a continuous ventilation system.





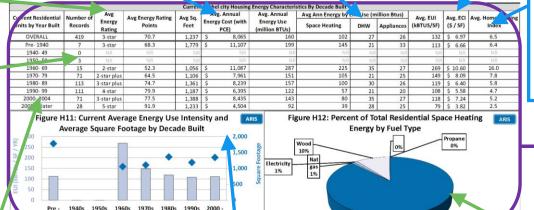


Rating stars and points are based on AHFC's AkWarm energy rating system. Average annual energy cost:
Includes all end uses. Costs
are estimated using January
2013 energy prices, and
include reductions from the
PCE program.

Space Heating, DHW, Appliances:
Estimated annual energy for the end
uses of: Space Heating, Domestic Hot
Water, and all other energy including
lights, appliances, and electronics.

ECI: Energy Cost Index, the amount of money spent on energy per year divided by square footage.

The number of AkWarm records from each decade built that were used to calculate the averages reported.



Home Heating Index:
The energy used per square foot per year divided by the area's

heating degree days.

Data Source:
AkWarm ratings from
AHFC's Alaska
Retrofit Information
System (ARIS).

Average energy characteristics of the *current* housing stock by decade built (high data communities) or by pre-/post-retrofit and new construction categories (medium data communities).

Energy Use Intensity
(EUI) is the total
amount of energy
used per year per
square foot of floor
space.

Existing housing by decade built

This is the community's breakdown by fuel type of the energy (BTUs) used for home space heating. It is not the percent of housing using a given fuel in primary space heating devices. Because wood burning devices are inefficient, they may use a significant portion of total energy even if no homes in a community use wood as a primary fuel.





Average building envelope characteristics of the *current* housing stock by decade built (high data communities) or by pre-/post-retrofit and new construction categories (medium data communities).

ACH50: The results of a blower door test to measure building leakiness. Smaller numbers indicate tighter buildings.

R-value: the capacity to resist heat flow. The higher the value, the better the insulator.

U-value: the conductance to heat flow. The lower the value, the better the insulator.

Data Sources: AkWarm ratings from AHFC's Alaska Retrofit Information System (ARIS).

				Current Bethel	city Housing Er ve	lope Characteristic	s By Decade Built				
Current Residential Units by Year Built	Number of	ACH 50	Ceiling R	Above Grade Wall R	Below Graue Wall R	Above Grade Floor R	On Grade Floor R	Below Grade Floor R	Door U	Garage Door U	Window U
OVERALL	419	6.4	23	17	7	30	NR	2	0.36	0.27	0.54
Pre- 1940	7	6.7	26	21	NR	30	NR	NR	0.30	NR	0.40
1940- 49	0	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
1950- 59	3	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
1960- 69	15	8.8	16	14	NR	21	NR	NR	0.44	NR	1.65
1970- 79	71	8.5	20	15	NR	29	NR	NR	0.39	NR	0.57
1980- 89	113	7.1	29	17	NR	32	NR	NR	0.30	NR	0.44
1990- 99	111	2.7	56	31	NR	50	NR	NR	0.19	0.12	0.29
2000- 2004	71	3.6	13	21	NR	36	NR	NR	0.27	0.23	0.40
2005 or later	28	1.7	41	22	NR	41	NR	NR	0.20	NR	0.31
BEES 2009 - Clima	te Zone 8	7.0	38	30	15	38	15	15	0.22	0.22	0.22
BEES 2012 Clima	te Zone 8	4.0	48	30	15	38	15	15	0.22	0.22	0.22

The number of
AkWarm records from
each decade built that
were used to calculate
the averages
reported.

"NR" is used when there are insufficient records to protect the confidentiality of the occupants.

#### Color Coding--

*Green*: the average value meets or exceeds the 2012 BEES requirement.

Yellow: value is 75-99% of the 2012 BEES requirement.

Red: value is less than 75% of the 2012 BEES requirement.



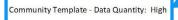


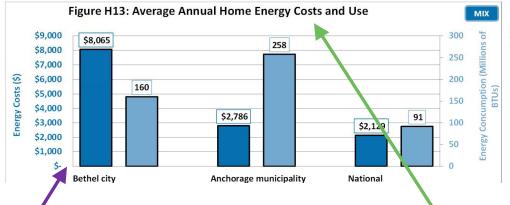
Communities are categorized in this report by the amount of ARIS data available, and reporting is more extensive for locations with more data. Data quantities are defined as--

High: ARIS records exist for housing units built in 7 of the 9 date ranges use in this report, and there are either more than 50 records or records totaling 20 percent or more of the total number of housing units.

Medium: There are three or more ARIS records. Data are presented for an "overall" group if there are "As Is" ARIS records totaling at least 10% of the community's occupied housing units.

Low: There are fewer than three ARIS records for the location.





Housing Information	Avg Household Size (# of people)
All-occupied	3.4
Owner-occupied	3.7
renter-occupied	3.1

Data Source:
2007-2011 American
Community Survey

Data Sources: Census Area and Anchorage data come from AFHC's Alaska Retrofit Information System.

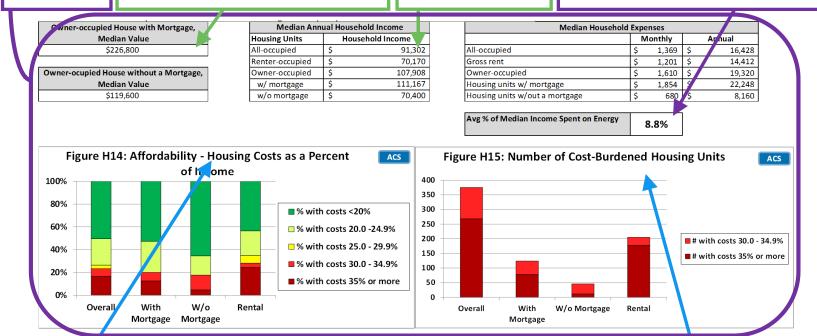
National figures come from the U.S. Energy Information Administration's 2009 Residential Energy Consumption Statistics (RECS) for "cold"/"very cold" climate regions. Average annual home energy costs and usage estimates are for all end uses, including space heating, domestic hot water, lighting and appliances. Costs are estimated using January 2013 energy prices and include reductions from the PCE program.





Data Source: 2007-2011 American Community Survey. "Value" is determined by responses to the ACS question: "How much do you think this house and lot, apartment, or mobile home (and lot, if owned) would sell for if it were for sale?" Household income includes all earnings from salaries, stocks, gifts, public assistance, etc.

Data Source: Median income comes from 2007-2011 ACS estimates; energy costs come from AHFC's Alaska Retrofit Information System (ARIS).



Rental housing costs: Contract rent, fuels, utilities.

Owner housing costs: Mortgage payments, property taxes, insurance, fuels, utilities, condo fees.

Households are considered "cost burdened" if they spend 30% or more of total household income on housing costs. Households spending more than this amount on housing costs may have difficulty affording basic necessities such as food, transportation, and medical care.



Census Area Profile for: Hoor

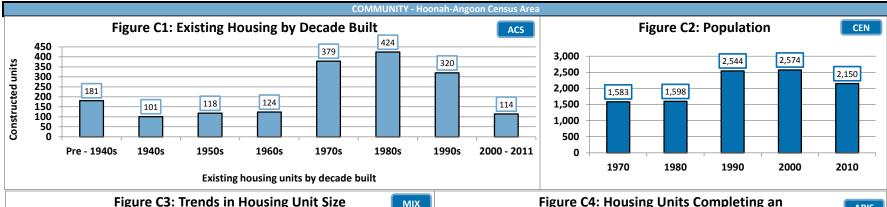
Hoonah-Angoon Census Area

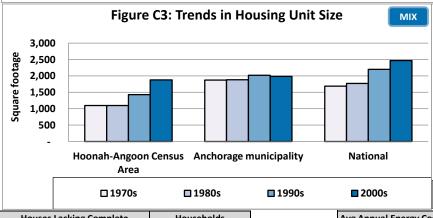
ANCSA Region: Sealaska Corporation

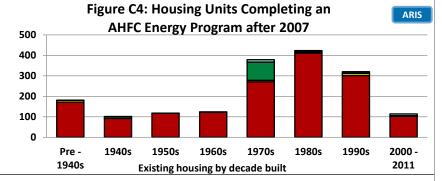
**Regional Housing Authority:** 

Tlingit-Haida Regional Housing Authority

BEES Climate Zone (Heating Degree Day Range) Zone 6 (7,200 - 9,000 HDD)







■ BEES Certified ■ Rebate & Wx completions ■ Rated but unmodified ■ Untouched housing

Houses Lacking Complete	Households				
Plumbing or Kitchen Facilities	Number	Percent			
Lack complete plumbing	118	12%			
Lack complete kitchen	37	4%			

Estimated Total Annual Community Space Heating Fuel Use									
Fuel Oil	452,695	(gallons)							
Natural Gas	-	(ccf)							
Electricity	365,461	(kWh)							
Wood	1,899	(cords)							
Propane	5,889	(gallons)							
Coal	-	(tons)							

Avg Annual Energy Cost with PCE	\$5,841
Avg Annual Energy Cost without PCE	\$7,636

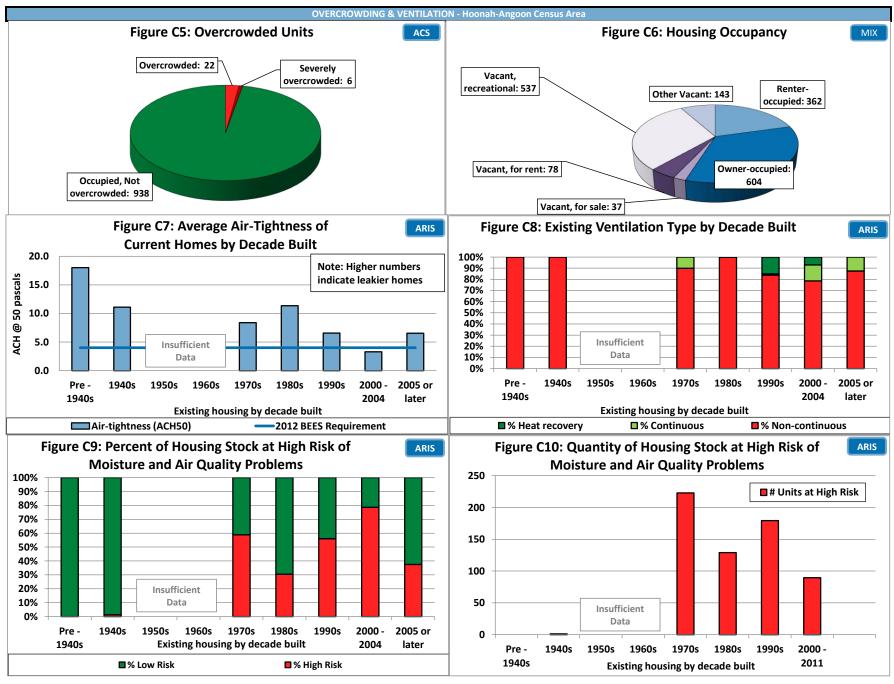
Number of housing units

Housing Need Indicators	Number of Units	% Occupied Housing
Overcrowded	28	3%
Housing cost burdened	187	19%
1 Star Homes	193	20%

Weatherization Retrofits (funding								
increased 2008)								
Date Range Units								
2008 -2011	105							
2003-2007	18							
1990-2002	38							

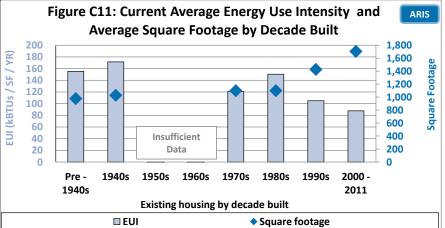
Housing Stock Estimates	Number of Units
All Housing	1,761
All Occupied Housing	966
All Vacant housing	795
Vacant Housing for Sale or Rent	115

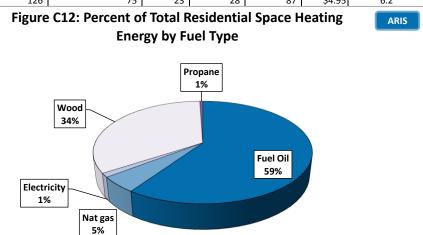






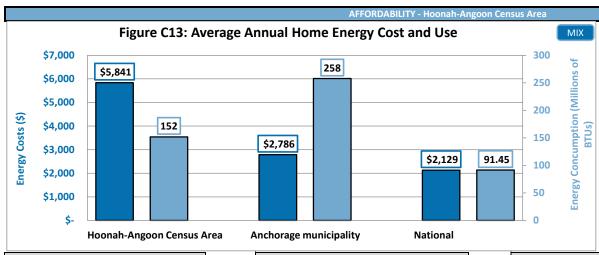
	ENERGY - Hoonah-Angoon Census Area											
Current Hoonah-Angoon Census Area Housing Energy Characteristics By Decade Built												
Current Residential	s by Year Built AkWarm Ra	Points	Ava Energy Pating	Avg Sq.	Avg. Annual	Avg. Annual	Avg Ann Energy by	End Use (m	illion Btus)	Avg. EUI	Avg. ECI	Avg. Home
Units by Year Built			Feet	Energy Cost (with PCE)	Energy Use (million BTUs)	Space Heating	DHW	Appliances	(kBTUS /SF)	(\$ / SF)	Heating Index	
OVERALL	182	2-star plus	61.6	1,313	\$5,841	152	99	25	27	122	\$4.71	9.4
Pre- 1940	10	1-star plus	44.9	977	\$5,378	127	93	14	19	155	\$7.67	13.0
1940- 49	15	2-star	56.0	1,028	\$6,626	163	104	37	22	171	\$6.86	12.4
1950- 59	1	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
1960- 69	2	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
1970- 79	180	2-star plus	67.3	1,099	\$4,990	135	77	28	26	121	\$4.52	8.7
1980- 89	20	2-star	52.4	1,099	\$4,777	157	113	18	27	150	\$4.66	13.2
1990- 99	29	3-star	69.6	1,427	\$5,849	136	77	29	29	105	\$4.74	7.2
2000- 2004	8	4-star	80.2	1,878	\$5,749	157	106	24	27	88	\$3.10	7.1
2005 or later	6	4-star	78.3	1,473	\$7,095	126	75	23	28	87	\$4.95	6.2





			C	urrent Hoonah-Ango	on Census Area Hou	sing Envelope Charac	teristics By Decade Bu	uilt			
Current Residential Units by Year Built	# of AkWarm Records	ACH 50	Ceiling R	Above Grade Wall		Above Grade Floor R	On Grade Floor R	Below Grade Floor R	Door U	Garage Door U	Window U
OVERALL	182	9.4	27	12	3	20	3	2	0.36	0.20	0.51
Pre- 1940	10	18.0	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
1940- 49	15	11.1	16	10	NR	20	NR	NR	0.37	NR	0.74
1950- 59	1	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
1960- 69	2	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
1970- 79	180	8.4	33	11	NR	26	NR	NR	0.27	NR	0.52
1980- 89	20	11.3	20	10	NR	19	NR	NR	0.54	NR	0.51
1990- 99	29	6.6	31	15	13	21	NR	NR	0.35	NR	0.46
2000- 2004	8	3.3	38	19	NR	NR	4	NR	0.25	NR	0.39
2005 or later	6	6.5	29	17	NR	NR	NR	NR	0.41	NR	0.42
BEES 2009 - Climat	e Zone 6	7.0	38	21	15	30	15	15	0.33	0.33	0.33
BEES 2012 - Climate Zone 6		4.0	43	25	15	38	15	15	0.30	0.30	0.30





Housing Information	Avg Household Size (# of people)
All-occupied	2.1
Owner-occupied	2.1
Renter-occupied	2.0

Median Value of Owner-occupied House with

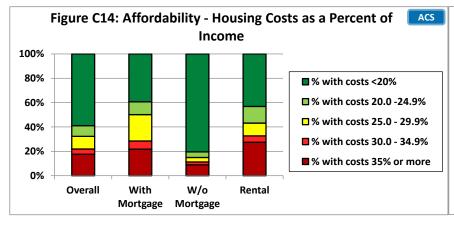
Mortgage
\$201,900

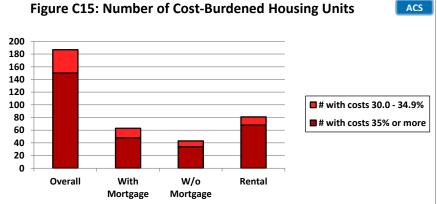
Median Value of Owner-occupied House without a Mortgage \$210,800

Median Annual Household Income										
Housing Units		Household Income								
All-occupied	\$	49,545								
Renter-occupied	\$	34,063								
Owner-occupied	\$	55,938								
w/ mortgage	\$	75,972								
w/o mortgage	\$	47,188								

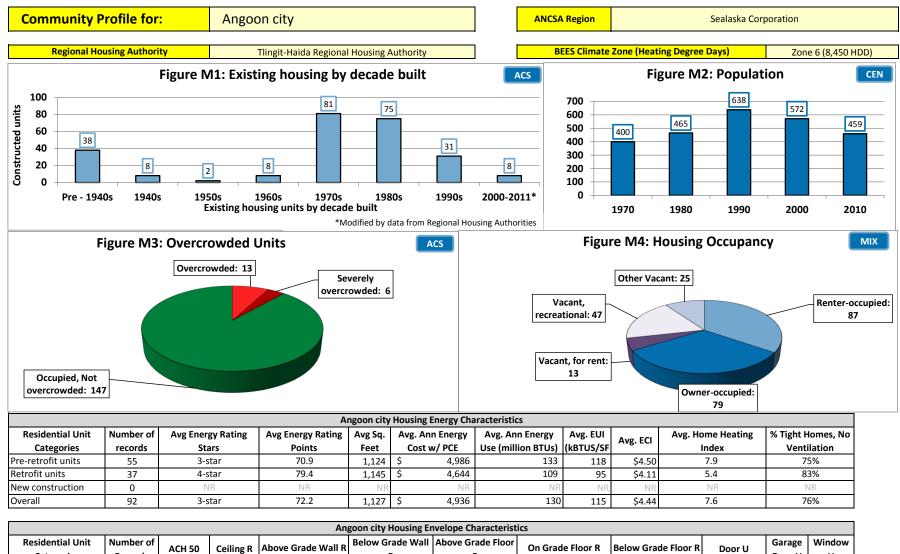
Median Housing Costs										
	N	/lonthly		Annual						
All-occupied	\$	614	\$	7,368						
Gross rent	\$	698	\$	8,376						
Owner-occupied	\$	538	\$	6,456						
Housing units w/ mortgage	\$	1,380	\$	16,560						
Housing units w/out a mortgage	\$	383	\$	4,596						

Avg % of Median Income Spent on Energy 11.8%







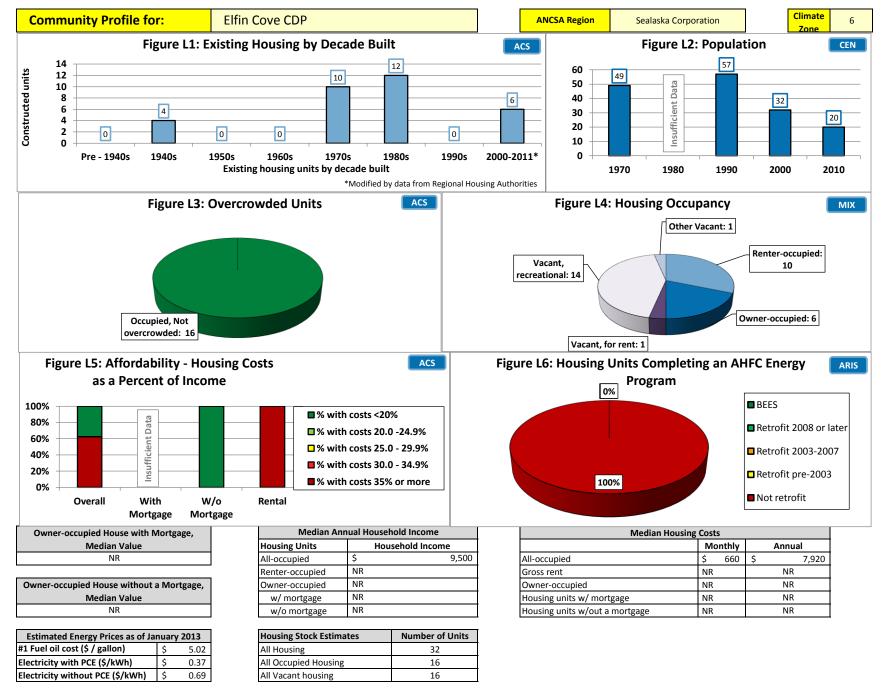


	Angoon city Housing Envelope Characteristics													
Residential Unit	Number of	ACH 50	Ceiling R	Above Grade Wall R	Below Grade Wall	Above Grade Floor	On Grade Floor R	Below Grade Floor R	Door U	Garage	Window			
Categories	Records	ACH 30	Celling K	Above Grade Wall K	R	R		Below Grade Floor R	D001 0	Door U	U			
Pre-retrofit units	55	8.2	36	12	NR	26	NR	NR	0.28	NR	0.50			
Retrofit units	37	7.1	41	14	NR	47	NR	NR	0.24	NR	0.50			
New construction	0	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR			
Overall	92	8.0	36	12	NR	28	NR	NR	0.27	NR	0.50			
BEES 2009		7.0	38	21	15	30	15	15	0.33	0.33	0.33			
BEES 2012	2	4.0	43	25	15	38	15	15	0.30	0.30	0.30			

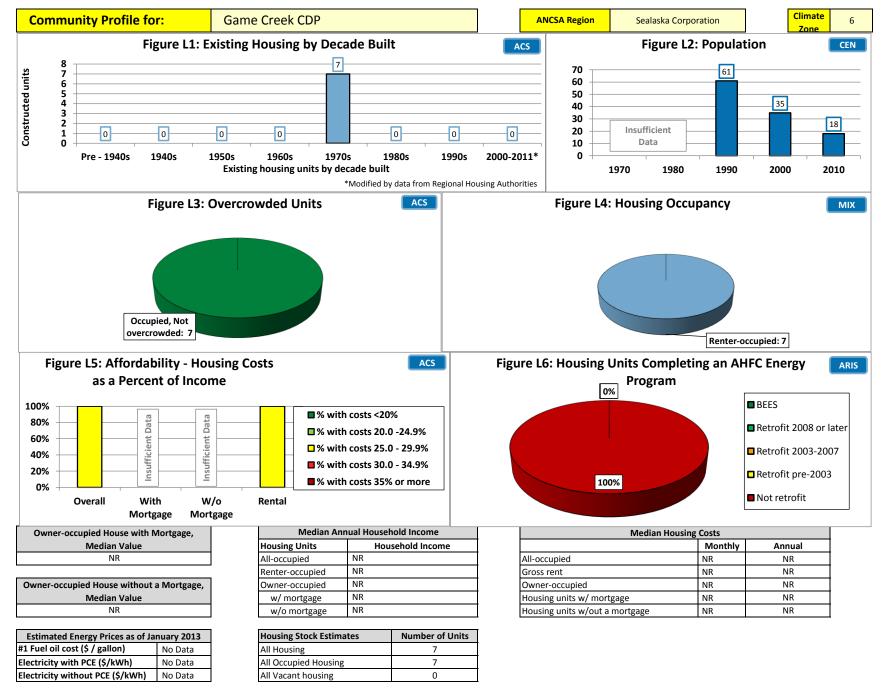




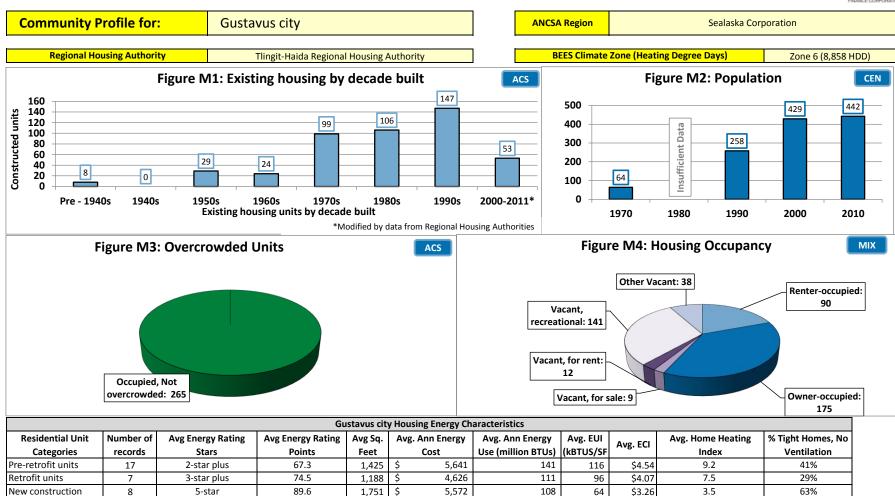






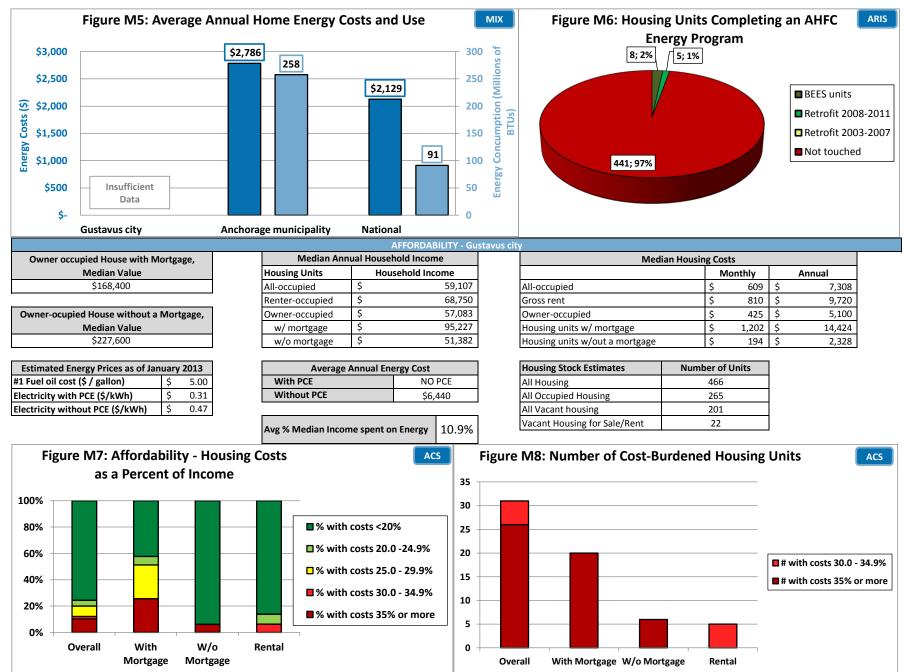




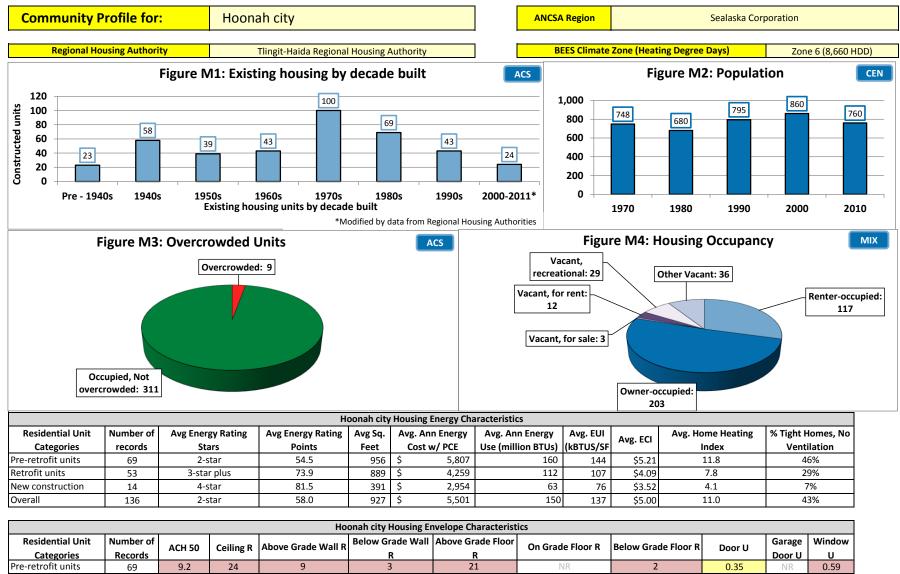


Gustavus city Housing Envelope Characteristics													
Residential Unit	Number of	ACH 50	Cailing R	Above Grade Wall R	Below Grade Wall	Above Grade Floor	On Grade Floor R	Below Grade Floor R	Door U	Garage	Window		
Categories	Records	ACITO	Cennig IX	Above Grade Wall It	R	R		Delow Grade Floor II	D001 0	Door U	U		
Pre-retrofit units	17	9.2	28	15	NR	18	3	NR	0.42	NR	0.47		
Retrofit units	7	9.1	32	14	NR	23	NR	NR	0.38	NR	0.39		
New construction	8	3.1	39	20	NR	38	7	NR	0.24	0.44	0.33		
		NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR		
	_												
BEES 2009		7.0	38	21	15	30	15	15	0.33	0.33	0.33		
BEES 2012		4.0	43	25	15	38	15	15	0.30	0.30	0.30		







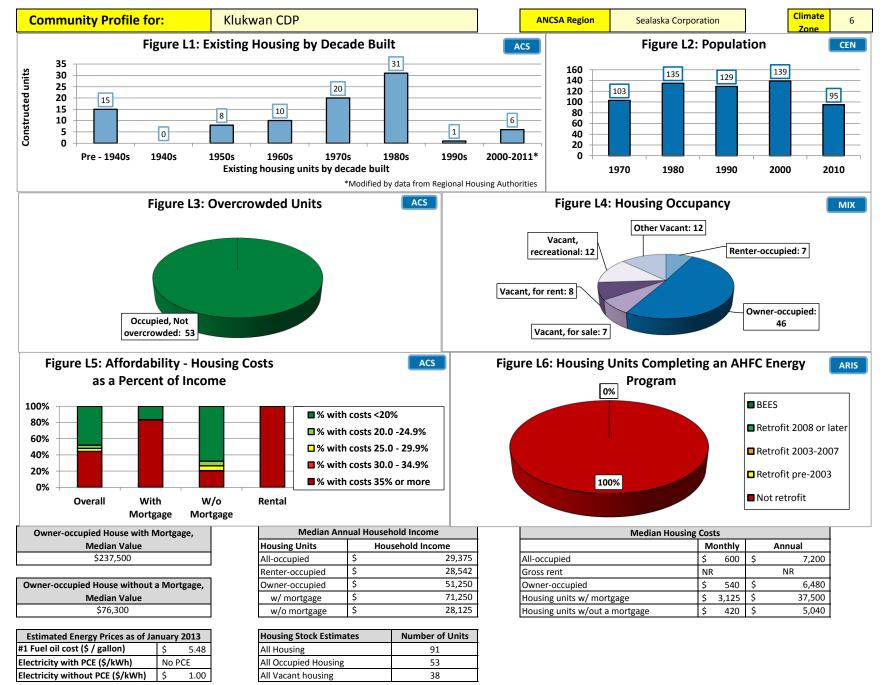


	Hoonah city Housing Envelope Characteristics													
Residential Unit	Number of	ACH 50	Ceiling R	Above Grade Wall R	<b>Below Grade Wall</b>	Above Grade Floor	On Grade Floor P	On Grade Floor R	Below Grade Floor R	Door U	Garage	Window		
Categories	Records	ACIT 30	Cennig it	Above Grade Wall K	R	R	On Grade Floor N	Below Grade Floor R	D001 0	Door U	U			
Pre-retrofit units	69	9.2	24	9	3	21	NR	2	0.35	NR	0.59			
Retrofit units	53	7.6	35	8	2	34	NR	NR	0.24	NR	0.47			
New construction	14	4.8	45	7	NR	NR	NR	NR	0.29	NR	0.48			
Overall	136	8.9	25	8	2	22	3	2	0.33	NR	0.57			
BEES 2009		7.0	38	21	15	30	15	15	0.33	0.33	0.33			
BEES 2012	2	4.0	43	25	15	38	15	15	0.30	0.30	0.30			

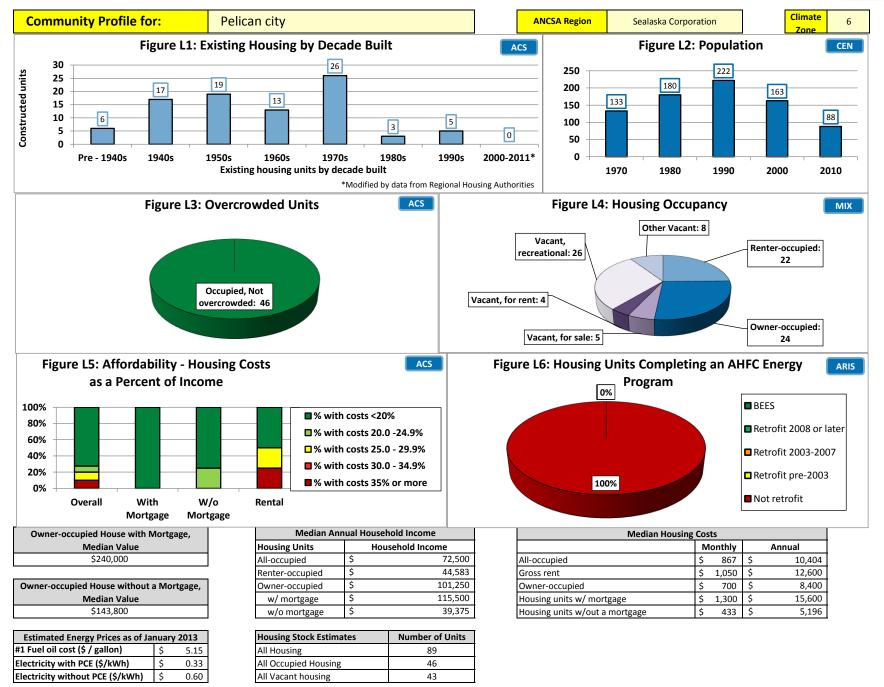




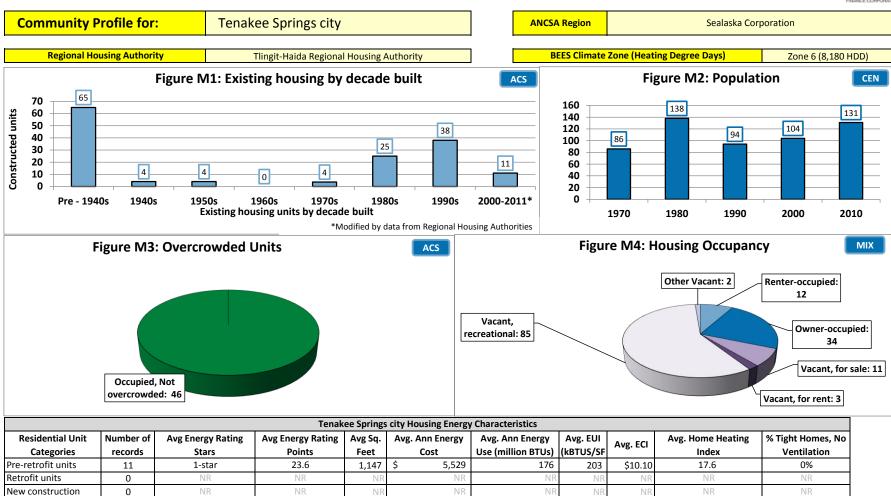












	Tenakee Springs city Housing Envelope Characteristics													
Residential Unit	Number of	ACH 50	Cailing B	Above Grade Wall R	Below Grade Wall	Above Grade Floor R	On Grade Floor R	Below Grade Floor R	Door U	Garage	Window			
Categories	Records	АСП ЭО	Ceiling R		R			below Grade Floor K	Door O	Door U	U			
Pre-retrofit units	11	30.9	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR			
Retrofit units	0	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR			
New construction	0	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR			
		NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR			
	•									•				
BEES 200	)9	7.0	38	21	15	30	15	15	0.33	0.33	0.33			
BEES 2012		4.0	43	25	15	38	15	15	0.30	0.30	0.30			







